

Name: _____

History Unit 10 - Archaic Greece

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

"man who taught
Greece."
Homer

8th Century
Iliad

cease
Odyssey

Greek

1. The tales of the _____ and _____
2. Were recited by _____ in _____ BC.
3. These Archaic _____ poems, retold without
_____.
4. Are why Homer is known as "the _____"

History Unit 10 - Archaic Greece

1. The tales of the (Iliad) and (Odyssey)
2. Were recited by (Homer) in (8th Century) BC.
3. These Archaic (Greek) poems, retold without (cease),
4. Are why Homer is known as "the ("man who taught Greece.")

Name: _____

Date: _____

History Unit 11 - Persian Wars

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

499 BC
Marathon
Salamis

Darius
Persia
Thermopylae

Greece
Persia
Xerxes

Ionian
Pheidippides

1. Against _____, _____ Greeks took a stand.
2. And in _____ conflict began:
3. To conquer all _____ was King _____' aim
4. But _____ brought brave _____ fame.
5. At _____, _____ thought victory complete,
6. But at _____, Greek ships destroyed _____'s fleet.

History Unit 11 - Persian Wars

1. Against (Persia), (Ionian) Greeks took a stand.
2. And in (499 BC) conflict began:
3. To conquer all (Greece) was King (Darius)' aim
4. But (Marathon) brought brave (Pheidippides) fame.
5. At (Thermopylae), (Xerxes) thought victory complete,
6. But at (Salamis), Greek ships destroyed (Persia)'s fleet.

Name: _____

History Unit 12- Classical Greece

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

4th and 5th
Odysseus
rote

Athens
philosophers
scholars

Classical
poets
sculptures

democracy
Pythagoras
Socrates

1. In _____ Greece great _____ pondered,
2. And schoolboys all knew where _____ wandered.
3. In _____, _____ gave men a vote,
4. And _____ recited great epics by _____.
5. _____ figured and _____ queried,
6. And over their _____ the Greek masters tarried.
7. Greek thought from the _____ centuries BC
8. Has been cherished by _____ throughout history.

History Unit 12- Classical Greece

1. In (Classical) Greece great (philosophers) pondered,
2. And schoolboys all knew where (Odysseus) wandered.
3. In (Athens), (democracy) gave men a vote,
4. And (poets) recited great epics by (rote).
5. (Pythagoras) figured and (Socrates) queried,
6. And over their (sculptures) the Greek masters tarried.
7. Greek thought from the (4th and 5th) centuries BC
8. Has been cherished by (scholars) throughout history.

Name: _____

History Unit 13-Peloponnesian War

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

405 BC
democracy
passion
Spartans

Athenians
fashion
Peloponnesian Wars
two

Athens
fear
places
weak

bleak
honor
Sparta

1. _____ and _____ were Greek city states;
2. The difference between these two _____ was great.
3. The _____ were strict, and they fought without _____,
4. Ruled by _____ kings, they held _____ quite dear.
5. In Athens, _____ was more in _____,
6. And _____, too, could fight with great _____.
7. By _____ Athens felt _____,
8. But the _____ left both sides _____.

History Unit 13-Peloponnesian War

1. (Athens) and (Sparta) were Greek city states;
2. The difference between these two (places) was great.
3. The (Spartans) were strict, and they fought without (fear),
4. Ruled by (two) kings, they held (honor) quite dear.
5. In Athens, (democracy) was more in (fashion),
6. And (Athenians), too, could fight with great (passion).
7. By (405 BC) Athens felt (bleak),
8. But the (Peloponnesian Wars) left both sides (weak).

Name: _____

Unit 14 - Alexander the Great

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

Alexander
Empire
Persia
twenty-one

Bucephalus
Gordian knot
Philip

conqueror
Hellenized
swell

east
Macedon
thirty-three

1. _____ the second of _____'s son
2. _____ was crowned when not yet _____
3. _____ carried him _____ with his troops,
4. His sword cut the _____'s famous loops.
5. The Balkans and Egypt, then _____ all fell.
6. His _____ with each year continued to _____.
7. At death the young _____ was _____,
8. A _____ world was his life's legacy.

Unit 14 - Alexander the Great

1. (Philip) the second of (Macedon)'s son
2. (Alexander) was crowned when not yet (twenty-one)
3. (Bucephalus) carried him (east) with his troops,
4. His sword cut the (Gordian knot)'s famous loops.
5. The Balkans and Egypt, then (Persia) all fell.
6. His (Empire) with each year continued to (swell).
7. At death the young (conqueror) was (thirty-three),
8. A (Hellenized) world was his life's legacy.

Name: _____

Unit 15 - The Republic of Rome

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

500 BC
power
Romulus
Tiber

Cincinnatus
Remus
Romulus
Troy

consuls
Res publica
royal
wolf

divine
Rome
senators

1. On the banks of the _____ a _____ shared her home
2. With _____ and _____; founders of _____.
3. Descended from _____, rumored partly _____,
4. _____ started a new _____ line.
5. By _____ a king ruled no more,
6. And _____ and _____ came to the fore.
7. _____ set forth a balance of _____,
8. _____' service was Rome's finest hour.

Unit 15 - The Republic of Rome

1. On the banks of the (Tiber) a (wolf) shared her home
2. With (Remus) and (Romulus); founders of (Rome).
3. Descended from (Troy), rumored partly (divine),
4. (Romulus) started a new (royal) line.
5. By (500 BC) a king ruled no more,
6. And (consuls) and (senators) came to the fore.
7. (Res publica) set forth a balance of (power),
8. (Cincinnatus)' service was Rome's finest hour.

Name: _____

Unit 16 - The Punic Wars

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

146 BC
Hannibal
razed
seas

Alps
legions
reinforcements
survival

Carthage
Phoenician
Roman
Zama

Carthage
Punic
Scipio

1. The _____ Republic and _____ were rivals,
2. In three _____ Wars, they fought for _____.
3. _____-built Carthage was king of the _____.
4. But on land Roman _____ beat _____ with ease.
5. Though _____'s elephants o'er the _____ crossed,
6. Without _____ his gains were soon lost.
7. Victory at _____ earned _____ praise,

Name: _____

8. And in _____ Carthage was _____.

Unit 16 - The Punic Wars

1. The (Roman) Republic and (Carthage) were rivals,
2. In three (Punic) Wars, they fought for (survival).
3. (Phoenician)-built Carthage was king of the (seas),
4. But on land Roman (legions) beat (Carthage) with ease.
5. Though (Hannibal)'s elephants o'er the (Alps) crossed,
6. Without (reinforcements) his gains were soon lost.
7. Victory at (Zama) earned (Scipio) praise,
8. And in (146 BC) Carthage was (razed).

Name: _____

Unit 17- Julius & Augustus Caesar

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

Actium
Dictator
Julius
Pompey
rule

Augustus
Emperor
Marc Antony
power
senators

Caesar
Gaul
March
Republic
triumvirate

civil
Ides
Octavian
Rubicon

1. _____ Caesar commanded in _____
2. And with the _____ sought to _____ all.
3. The _____ crossed, _____ war soon broke out,
4. But _____'s defeat gave the _____ clout.
5. Nobles and _____ feared his great _____,
6. The _____ of _____ brought the first Caesar's last hour.
7. _____ triumphed, _____ fell,
8. And _____ killed the _____ as well.

Name: _____

9. The first Roman _____ took a new name:

10. Octavian _____ became.

Unit 17- Julius & Augustus Caesar

1. (Julius) Caesar commanded in (Gaul)
2. And with the (triumvirate) sought to (rule) all.
3. The (Rubicon) crossed, (civil) war soon broke out,
4. But (Pompey)'s defeat gave the (Dictator) clout.
5. Nobles and (senators) feared his great (power),
6. The (Ides) of (March) brought the first Caesar's last hour.
7. (Octavian) triumphed, (Marc Antony) fell,
8. And (Actium) killed the (Republic) as well.
9. The first Roman (Emperor) took a new name:
10. Octavian (Caesar) (Augustus) became.

Name: _____

Unit 18 - The Roman Empire

Fill in the best answer for each question.

Word Box

angels
bread
Emperors
Pax

Aqueducts
catacombs
fifth
Romana

arches
Christian
intersected
Rome

Bethlehem
domes
King

1. _____ prevailed in the Empire of _____.
2. One _____ of the souls in the world called in home.
3. _____, bridges, and roads _____.
4. And _____ and _____ Roman buildings perfected.
5. Over _____ town hosts of _____ did sing,
6. Proclaiming the birth of a new baby _____.
7. In _____, worshipers blessed and broke _____.
8. Though outlawed by _____, _____ faith spread.

Unit 18 - The Roman Empire

1. (Pax) (Romana) prevailed in the Empire of (Rome),
2. One (fifth) of the souls in the world called in home.
3. (Aqueducts), bridges, and roads (intersected),
4. And (arches) and (domes) Roman buildings perfected.
5. Over (Bethlehem) town hosts of (angels) did sing,
6. Proclaiming the birth of a new baby (King).
7. In (catacombs), worshipers blessed and broke (bread),
8. Though outlawed by (Emperors), (Christian) faith spread.